

# Surrey County Council Audit Progress Report and Sector Update

Year ended 31 March 2023

November 2023



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matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you as part of our audit planning process. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change, and in particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect the Authority or all weaknesses in your internal controls. This report has been prepared solely for your benefit and should not be quoted in whole or in part without our prior written consent. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.

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### Introduction

Your key Grant Thornton team members are:

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This paper provides the Audit and Governance Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors.

#### The paper also includes:

- a summary of emerging national issues and developments that may be relevant to you as a local authority; and
- includes a number of challenge questions in respect of these emerging issues which the Committee may wish to consider (these are a tool to use, if helpful, rather than formal questions requiring responses for audit purposes)

Members of the Audit and Governance Committee can find further useful material on our website, where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector. Here you can download copies of our publications <a href="https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/services/public-sector-services/">https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/services/public-sector-services/</a>

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Partner, Engagement Director or Engagement Manager.

## **Progress at November 2023**

#### Introductions

Paul Dossett takes over as the Engagement Lead for both the Council and Pension Fund from October 2023 following Ciaran McLaughlin's departure from the Firm for pastures new. Paul Dossett is the Public Services Partner for London and the South East. Paul has over 35 years worth of public sector experience. 2022/23 is the last year of the contract.

#### 2020/21 and 2021/22 financial statements audit update

Report	2020/21 issuance date	2021/22 issuance date
Audit opinion – Council	30 November 2021	23 October 2023
Audit opinion – Pension Fund	30 November 2021	23 October 2023
Audit certificate	18 October 2023	Will be issued after completion of WGA instructions from NAO.

#### 2022/23 financial statements audit update

For 2022/23 audit, we undertook more regular updates, escalation process in place for challenges in getting the right evidence on a timely manner and setting priorities within our query log. We acknowledge your finance team's dedication to get the 2021/22 audit over the line whilst catering the requirements for the ongoing 2022/23 audit.

The 2022/23 planning and final accounts visit started in July 2023 following publication of 2022/23 draft statement of accounts in June 2023 with a target date of September 2023 to complete the audit procedures and by November 2023 to produce a draft audit findings report. Most of the working papers were also provided to us by your finance team before the commencement of our fieldwork however in some areas, we experienced unexpected delays in receipt of listings for samples selection and partly due to some working papers that don't meet our requirements such as those related to income and expenditures, Property, plant and equipment, investment properties and payroll.

These have now been addressed and the audit team are in the process of collating all required audit evidence to complete our audit.

By end of our original target date (September 2023), our audit procedures had not been substantially complete, we therefore extended the audit fieldwork by another two weeks. After this extension, audit team was reallocated to another prior commitment. At the time of writing, we have completed a number of areas of our testing subject to completion of our usual quality review process. At the end of our revised target completion date, there are still areas where we are yet to conclude due to either pending audit evidence or delay in the receipt of audit evidence as follows:

#### Financial statements testing

- We have substantially completed the following areas: Depreciation expense, debtors, creditors, fees and charges income, operating expenditure, financial instruments, other information, remuneration disclosure, related party transactions and litigation and claims
- Areas to complete sample testing:
  - land and building valuation and investment properties input and assumptions (sample of 38 and 4, respectively – outstanding audit evidence);
  - grants income (29/30 samples completed outstanding audit evidence);
  - PPE additions (13/14 samples completed, remaining in-progress);
  - PPE Assets under constructions (0/7 samples completed outstanding audit evidence);
  - PPE contractual commitments (0/2 samples completed outstanding audit evidence);
  - employee benefit expenditure (34/36 samples completed, remaining are in-progress);
  - Internal review of the final draft financial statements;
  - Pensions liability (IAS 19 assurance to be received).
- The above are subject to our internal quality review;

## Progress at November 2023, cont'd

#### Financial statements testing, cont'd

- Receipt and review of final draft statement of accounts;
- Subsequent event procedures and receipt of letter of representation letter.

#### Pension fund testing:

Our fieldwork started on 1/07/2023 with a target end date of 31/07/2023. Unfortunately, key member of the pension fund team was unwell and delayed the audit. Following this, we brought in additional resources in for a period of 4 weeks to help progress the audit.

As at time of writing, work has progressed, but key areas remain in progress as follows:

- Journals;
- Contributions:
- Benefits payable; and
- Investments

One of the main pieces of outstanding work is the processing of journals, for which evidence has now been provided by the fund's finance team.

Where we are still awaiting information is on the Benefits, contributions and investments cycles – the detail of which has all been shared with the finance team.

Our intention is to resume the audit later in November to mid-December 2023 to hopefully give ample time for all outstanding information including those from our experts to be available. We will then share our Audit Findings Report and Auditor's Annual Report on the January 2024 Audit and Governance Committee meeting.

#### Value for Money

The new Code of Audit Practice (the "Code") came into force on 1 April 2020 for audit years 2020/21 and onwards. The most significant change under the new Code was the introduction of an Auditor's Annual Report, containing a commentary on arrangements to secure value for money and any associated recommendations, if required. The new approach is more complex, more involved and is planned to make more impact.

Under the 2020 Code of Audit Practice, for relevant authorities other than local NHS bodies auditors are required to issue our Auditor's Annual Report no later than 30 September or, where this is not possible, issue an audit letter setting out the reasons for delay. Our VFM experts have been completed and is going through internal series of review.

Our review started in July 2023 but some meetings were rescheduled due to the Ofsted visit in September 2023. We do however expect to complete our VFM work in 2023.

#### Meetings

We met with Finance Officers regularly as part of our quarterly liaison meetings and continue to be in discussions with finance staff regarding emerging developments and to ensure the audit process is smooth and effective.

## **Audit Deliverables**

2022/23 Deliverables	<b>Planned Date</b>	Status
Indicative Audit Plan	July 2023	Completed
We are required to issue a detailed audit plan to the Audit and Governance Committee a setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Authority's 2022/23 financial statements and to issue a commentary on the Authority's value for money arrangements in the Auditor's Annual Report		
Audit Findings Report	January 2024	Not due
The Audit Findings Report will be reported to the Audit and Governance Committee meeting.	(revised from November 2023)	
Auditors Report	January 2024	Not due
This includes the opinion on your financial statements including Pension Fund.	(revised from November 2023)	
Auditor's Annual Report	January 2024	Not due
This report communicates the key outputs of the audit, including our commentary on the Authority's value for money arrangements.	(revised from November 2023)	

2022/23 Audit-related Deliverables	<b>Planned Date</b>	Status
Teachers Pensions Scheme – certification  This is the report we submit to Teachers Pensions based upon the mandated agreed upon procedures we are required to perform.	November 2023	Outstanding responses to queries sent on 30 October 2023.

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## **Sector Update**

Authorities continue to try to achieve greater efficiency in the delivery of public services, whilst facing challenges to address rising demand, ongoing budget pressures and social inequality.

Our sector update provides you with an up to date summary of emerging national issues and developments to support you. We cover areas which may have an impact on your organisation, the wider local government sector and the public sector as a whole. Links are provided to the detailed report/briefing to allow you to delve further and find out more.

Our public sector team at Grant Thornton also undertake research on service and technical issues. We will bring you the latest research publications in this update. We also include areas of potential interest to start conversations within the organisation and with audit committee members, as well as any accounting and regulatory updates.

- Grant Thornton Publications
- Insights from local government sector specialists
- Reports of interest
- Accounting and regulatory updates

More information can be found on our dedicated public sector and local government sections on the Grant Thornton website by clicking on the logos below:

**Public Sector** 

Local government

## Exploring the reasons for delayed publication of audited local authority accounts in England – Grant Thornton

Recent performance against target publication dates for audited local authority accounts in England has been poor. There are some reasons for optimism that there will be an improvement in the timeliness of publication of audited accounts as foundations are being laid for the future.

In this report we explore the requirements for publication of draft and audited accounts and look at some of the reasons for the decline in performance against these requirements over time. Only 12% of audited accounts for 2021/22 were published by the target date of 30 November 2022. There is no single cause for the delays in completing local authority audits, and unfortunately there is no quick solution in a complicated system involving multiple parties. We consider a variety of factors contributing to delays, note the measures which have already been taken to support the local audit system and make recommendations for further improvement.

There are some reasons for cautious optimism that the system will begin to recover and there will be a gradual return to better compliance with publication targets. However, we consider that these are outweighed by a number of risk factors and that the September deadline for audited accounts set by DHLUC is not achievable in the short term and also not achievable until there is further significant change in local audit and local government.

We note the following matters that are yet to be tackled:

- clarity over the purpose of local audit
- the complexity of local government financial statements
- agreement on the focus of financial statements audit work
- an improvement in the quality of financial statements and working papers

an agreed approach to dealing with the backlog of local government audits

Government intervention where there are significant failures in financial reporting processes

All key stakeholders including local audited bodies, the audit firms, the Department for Levelling Up Housing and Communities, PSAA, the NAO, the FRC and its successor ARGA, CIPFA and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales will need to continue their efforts to support a coherent and sustainable system of local audit, acknowledging that it will take time to get things back on track.

We make recommendations in our report for various stakeholders, including Audit Committees and auditors, and include a checklist for consideration by management and Audit Committees within an Appendix to the report.

Read the full report here:

Report: key challenges in local audit accounting | Grant Thornton



### Current local audit deadline 'unachievable'-Grant Thornton

Low capacity in council finance teams and the failure to deal with historic accounting issues mean the current September audit deadline is unlikely to be met.

The firm said the changes in recent years to council investment strategies have seen annual accounts become increasingly complex.

In <u>evidence</u> to a Public Accounts Committee inquiry, Grant Thornton said the increased workload and pressure on resources have complicated recruitment and compounded delays.

The auditors said it is unlikely firms will be able to meet the 30 September deadline for publishing opinions on 2022-23 financial statements, because they are still working on previous years' accounts.

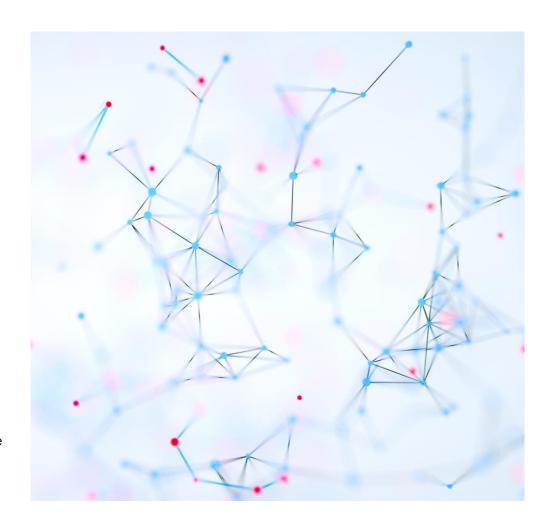
The firm said one of the key issues causing delays is the lack of consensus over areas of audit focus, specifically over how land and buildings are audited.

"Too much audit resource is absorbed in dealing with longstanding financial reporting issues at poorly performing bodies," the firm said.

In certain instances, audits are open as far back as 2017-18.

"Perhaps more importantly, there has not been enough debate with the sector on the purpose of local audit and the enhanced audit scrutiny it faces.

"This is particularly the case with the audit of property. Until these matters are resolved we do not consider that the September deadline is achievable."



### Current local audit deadline 'unachievable'-Grant Thornton, cont'd

Grant Thornton said that while audit firms can be sanctioned by the Financial Reporting Council for failing to comply with regulations, there are currently no punishments for public bodies that fail to meet requirements.

It said there should be interventions for audited bodies that show "significant failures in financial reporting and an unwillingness to improve".

In its evidence the firm blamed a lack of council funding to bolster finance teams for a reduction in the quality of reporting, causing further delays.

"Unfortunately, the quality of too many financial statements and working papers are not adequate," Grant Thornton said.

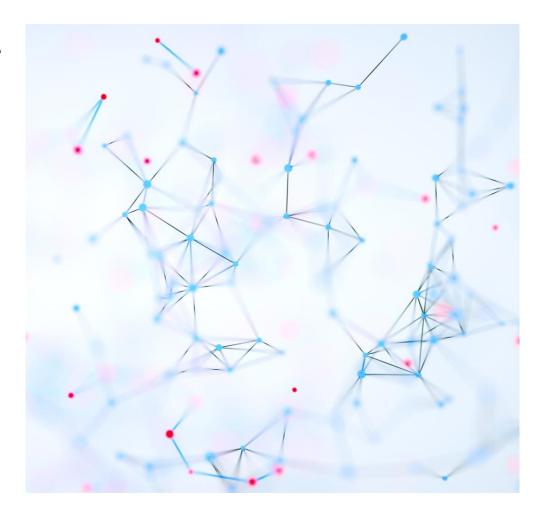
"Improvement in accounts preparation, and recruitment and investment in finance teams is essential if local government is to prepare consistently high-quality draft accounts and respond to the challenges presented by an enhanced audit regime."

In December, local audit procurement body Public Sector Audit Appointments revealed that <u>only 12% of local government audits</u> for 2021-22 were completed by the 30 November deadline.

PSAA said that 630 opinions were outstanding from both 2021-22 and previous years, and the level of opinions completed on time has declined significantly from 45% in 2019-20.

#### Read the full report here

committees.parliament.uk/writtenevidence/118580/pdf/



### **DLUHC** proposals to clear audit backlog

A range of proposals and actions to address the backlog of local audits in England has been set out by the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC).

These include setting statutory deadlines and issuing qualifications and disclaimers of opinion in the short term.

<u>The proposals</u> have been agreed in principle with key partners across the local audit system, DLUHC said. The National Audit Office (NAO) is considering whether to develop a replacement Code of Audit Practice to give effect to the changes, the department added.

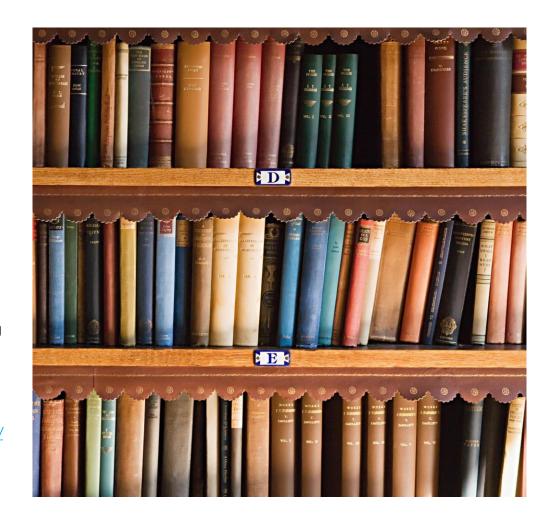
In addition, DLUHC is considering whether legislative change is needed to set new statutory deadlines for local bodies to publish accounts to mirror the proposed changes to the Code of Audit Practice.

Legislative change may also be needed to address any knock-on effects of the proposals which may impact the audit of opening balances within the accounts for future years, the department said.

Under these proposals, section 151 officers will be expected to work with Audit Committee members (or equivalent) to approve the final accounts by the statutory deadline in order for the audit opinion to be issued at the same time.

Read the full proposal here

committees.parliament.uk/publications/40932/documents/199432/default/



## Call for sanctions for late accounts amid fears of 'more Wokings - public accounts committee (PAC)

The Commons' public accounts committee (PAC) published a report, <u>Timeliness of local auditor reporting</u>, which highlights problems caused by the delays to local audit.

Just 12% of local government bodies received their audit opinions in time to publish their 2021-22 accounts by the extended deadline. The committee warned that the problem is likely to get worse before it gets better.

The report points out that there are no sanctions for failing to produce accounts on time, for either auditors or councils.

The PAC and others have been concerned about the implications of audit delays and Sir Geoffrey Clifton-Brown said cases like that of Thurrock Council and Woking Borough Council demonstrate why this issue needs to be addressed. Both councils had years of unaudited accounts when they declared themselves effectively bankrupt due to excessive levels of debt.



## Around 700,000 children are studying in schools that require major rebuilding or refurbishment works - NAO

The Department for Education has published guidance on school buildings which were constructed using reinforced autoclaved aerated concrete – a lightweight form of concrete prone to failure.

https://educationhub.blog.gov.uk/2023/09/04/new-guidance-on-raac-in-education-settings/

The NAO also published a report this summer about the declining condition of the school estate. The UK's independent public spending watchdog's report found that more than a third (24,000) of English school buildings are past their estimated initial design life. These buildings can normally continue to be used, but are generally more expensive to maintain and, on average, have poorer energy efficiency leading to higher running costs.

In recent years, there has been a significant funding shortfall contributing to deterioration across the school estate. The department for Education (DfE) has reported £7 billion a year as the best practice level of capital funding to repair and rebuild the school estate.

The report says DfE has assessed the possibility of a building collapse or failure causing death or injury as a 'critical and very likely' risk since summer 2021. The report highlighted ongoing concerns with the use of reinforced autoclaved aerated concrete (RAAC) – used between the 1950s and mid-1990s. DfE has been considering the potential risk posed by RAAC since late 2018, following a school roof collapse.

#### Read the full report here

https://www.nao.org.uk/press-releases/condition-of-school-buildings-and-dfe-sustainability-overview/



## LGPS valuation gives 'cause for optimism' - Hymans Robertson

Many Local Government Pension Schemes are in a stronger position than three years ago to meet future member benefits, pension advisors have said following the most recent valuations.

Despite market instability brought on by Covid-19 and exacerbated by Russia's invasion of Ukraine, the overall funding level rose to 107% of past service in March 2022, compared to 98.5% in 2019, Hymans Robertson said in a <u>report</u>.

Analysts reviewed the triennial valuations of 73 of the 86 LGPS funds, and said that on average fund asset values rose by 27.5% up to March 2022.

Hymans Robertson said the better-than-expected funding outlook has prompted a reduction in employer contributions, from 21.9% of pay in 2019 to 20.8% in 2022.

Robert Bilton, head of LGPS valuations at Hymans Robertson, said: "Our analysis gives cause for optimism that the outlook for the long-term funding sustainability of the LGPS is robust, not least due to the hard work that has taken place across all funds over the last decade and longer.

"While the good news is welcome, the hard work doesn't stop, and it is important that funds use the next two years to continue to systematically review their risks to keep them in the best place possible ahead of the valuations in 2025."

The report said funding levels rose by the most for schemes that were already better-funded in 2019, but balances increased "across the board" in all funds that were reviewed.

Researchers said higher asset values mean funds will only need to deliver real investment returns of about 1.5% per year over the next 20 years to ensure they are fully funded.

Hymans said it expects more than three-quarter (77%) of funds to be able meet the annual level of investment returns by 2040.

"This is a very positive funding position for the LGPS, Considering that, not so long ago, the Scheme Advisory Board had set up a 'deficit working group' and the significant market events that the LGPS has had to navigate in recent years."

"Being in such a strong position is a testament to the diligent and hard work of administering authorities over the last decade."

Read the full report here

LGPS 2022 Valuation - the big picture.pdf (hymans.co.uk)



# Sustainability reporting in the public sector - CIPFA

CIPFA said, 'Sustainability reporting in the public sector is in its infancy, and there is an evolutionary journey to be embarked upon – sooner rather than later.'

Sustainability reporting is the recording and disclosure of an organisation's environmental impact caused by its activities. It has been widely adopted in the private sector, but in the public sector it is not the same story.

Having a clear understanding of the overall carbon footprint of the public sector is vital if we are to tackle climate change, find solutions and encourage sustainable development, said CIPFA.

CIPFA report states, 'the answers and positive steps to addressing the most pressing challenges around public sector sustainability questions. The current patchwork of public sector sustainability reporting frameworks are inconsistent and confusing. The report draws on already existing standards and frameworks that are relevant and useful to the public sector, rather than trying to reinvent the wheel.'

Alignment to financial reporting

The report recommends an approach that aligns sustainability reporting with the wider practice of financial reporting. The four key areas in this approach are governance, the management approach, performance and targets, and strategy. 'Public sector sustainability reporting: time to step it up' provides public finance professionals with a good understanding of what information needs to be disclosed and the process in producing a high quality report.

Read the full report from CIPFA here

Sustainability Reporting (cipfa.org)



# SEND deficits kept off budgets for another three years

The government has allowed councils to keep deficits on spending for children with special educational needs and disabilities off their balance sheets for a further three years.

The government's local government finance policy statement published on 12th December 2022 says that the statutory override for the Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) will be extended for the next three years, from 2023-24 to 2025-26.

Councils use the high needs funding block of the DSG to fund Send provision. But for many authorities, the cost of this has been outstripping the amounts provided by tens of millions of pounds, leading to a total deficit estimated at more than £2bn.

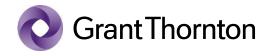
The statutory override means that any DSG deficits are not included in council's main revenue budgets. Before the announcement, it had been due to expire in 2023. Last year, Matt Dunkley, chair of the Association of Directors of Children's Services' resources and sustainability policy committee, said: "We think the cumulative high needs block deficits of local authorities are approximately £2.3bn."

In June, the government <u>launched the £85m Delivering Better Value in Send programme</u>, that involves specialist advisors probing 55 councils' financial data to try and cut their DSG deficits. The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy, a partner in the programme, said the scheme would provide "project management, change management and financial modelling capacity".

The programme is running alongside the Department for Education's 'safety valve' support scheme that offers bailouts for the councils with the largest Send spending deficits, in return for them implementing stringent reforms.

About 40 councils are expected to receive safety valve funding, meaning that the two programmes together will include about two thirds of councils with responsibility for Send. Also in June, the then children's minister Will Quince wrote a letter to council chief executives warning that a "significant number of councils are "running services that are not sustainable, and instead jeopardise the longevity of that crucial support".





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